

Region III: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Region III has experienced a significant growth of 104% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing by 113% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Region III’s higher education population has seen 68% growth within the same period.ⁱ

Texas has the highest average Hispanic student higher education enrollment in Region III, with 24%. Florida has the next highest Hispanic student enrollment rate, with 17%. The remaining states in Region III have less than 5% Hispanic student enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Virginia has the highest average higher education Hispanic graduation rate of institutional members in Region III, with 59%. South Carolina is the next highest, with 51%. Alabama, Georgia, and North Carolina have Hispanic Graduation Rates of 45%. The remaining states have less than 45% rates, with Louisiana having the lowest in Region III at 34%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Florida, Kentucky, North Carolina, Texas, and Virginia have provisions in their state assisting undocumented students in regards to enrollment in higher education. Kentucky, Texas, and Virginia allow for undocumented students to be granted in-state tuition. Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee do not have statewide policies regarding undocumented student higher education enrollment. Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina ban undocumented students from enrolling in high education.^{iv}

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	104%

% Growth 2000-2010	
K-12	113%
Higher Education	68%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
251	13%	42%



This snapshot would have not been possible without the help of the following individuals:

Region III LKC Representative – Ladanya Ramírez Surmeier, Oglesby Union Coordinator of Education and Assessment at Florida State University

Thomas Boodry, Education and Assessment Assistant, Undergraduate Economics Student at Florida State University

Alabama LKC Liaison – Vacant. If interested, please email LRamirez2@admin.fsu.edu.

Florida LKC Liaisons – Joanna Garcia, Coordinator, Center for Leadership & Service at Florida International University and Maritza Torres, Assistant Director, Student Activities & Student Organizations at the University of Miami

Georgia LKC Liaisons – Roxanna Gandía, Hall Director, University Housing at University of Georgia and Zwisel Gandía, Coordinator of Employer Development, Georgia Southern University.

Kentucky LKC Liaison – Ricardo Nazario-Colón, Director, Student Activities, Inclusion & Leadership at Morehead State University

Louisiana LKC Liaison – Dr. Maylen Aldana, Assistant Director, Residence Life at Louisiana State University

Mississippi LKC Liaison – Vacant. If interested, please email LRamirez2@admin.fsu.edu.

North Carolina LKC Liaison – Dr. Sam Lopez, Director, Multicultural Academic Services at University of North Carolina – Charlotte

South Carolina LKC Liaison – Vacant. If interested, please email LRamirez2@admin.fsu.edu.

Tennessee LKC Liaison – Daisy Torres, Coordinator, Hispanic Cultural Center at Austin Peay State University

Texas LKC Liaison – Vacant. If interested, please email LRamirez2@admin.fsu.edu.

Virginia LKC Liaison – Neudy Nuñez, Assistant Director for Academic Initiatives, Housing & Residence Life at Old Dominion University

Region III

State Snapshots

Alabama: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Alabama has experienced a significant growth of 145% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 162% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Alabama’s higher education population has seen 54% growth within the same period.ⁱ

There are no NASPA Institutional Members in Alabama which have a Hispanic student enrollment rate of higher than 8%. Alabama Institutional Members average a 45% Hispanic student graduation rate.ⁱⁱ

Some institutions have high graduation rates, like Montevallo, with an 80% Hispanic graduation rate. Other Institution’s rates are lower, like the University of North Alabama, with a Hispanic graduation rate of 22%. There are two institutions with 0% Hispanic student graduation rates, Auburn University at Montgomery and the University of West Alabama, but this may be due to a low Hispanic student enrollment of 1% at both institutions.ⁱⁱⁱ

Each of Alabama’s Institutional Members have either an Institutional Resource Center or Hispanic Student Association, and most have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	145%
Native	127%
Foreign Born	192%
Citizen	114%
Non-citizens	218%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	162%
Higher Education	54%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
14	3%	45%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Alabama currently bars undocumented students from enrolling in its public post-secondary Institutions.^{iv}



Georgia: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Georgia has experienced a significant growth of 96.1% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 116.5% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Georgia’s higher education population has seen 95.6% growth within the same period.ⁱ

Most of the NASPA Institutional Members in Georgia have a Hispanic student enrollment rate of 9% or lower, with the exception Dalton State College as an emerging HIS with 18% of student enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Some institutions have high graduation rates, such as Emory University, with a 92% Hispanic graduation rate. Other Institution’s rates are lower, like Middle Georgia State College (Macon State College), with a Hispanic graduation rate of 9%. There are three institutions with 0% Hispanic student graduation rates, Morehouse College, Berry College and College of Coastal Georgia, this may be due to a low Hispanic student enrollment of 5% or lower at the institutions.ⁱⁱⁱ

Each of Georgia’s Institutional Members has either an Institutional Resource Center or Hispanic Student Association, and most have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	96.1%
Native	150.5%
Foreign Born	65.8%
Citizen	71.6%
Non-citizens	64.8%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	116.5%
Higher Education	95.6%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
26	26% (4.5)	45%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Georgia currently bans undocumented students from the top 5 universities in the State of Georgia. Undocumented students are denied in-state tuition.^{iv}

Florida: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Florida has experienced a growth of 62% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 70% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Florida’s higher education population has seen 63% growth within the same period.ⁱ

There are 10 NASPA Institutional Members in Florida which have a Hispanic student enrollment rate higher than 17%. Florida Institutional Members average a 41% Hispanic student graduation rate.ⁱⁱ

Some institutions have high graduation rates, like University of Florida, with an 85% Hispanic graduation rate. Other Institutional Members’s rates are lower, like Stetson University, with a Hispanic graduation rate of 12%. There is one institution with 0% Hispanic student graduation rates, Edward Waters College, but this may be due to a low Hispanic student enrollment of 2% at the institution.ⁱⁱⁱ

The majority of Florida’s Institutional Members have either an Institutional Resource Center or Hispanic Student Association, and most have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	62%
Native	63%
Foreign Born	71%
Citizen	69%
Non-citizens	74%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	70%
Higher Education	63%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
37	17%	41%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Currently the State of Florida has not standardized tuition cost for undocumented students and there is no law that grants in-state tuition to undocumented students; however in May 2014, legislation was passed but is awaiting the governor’s signature.^{iv}



Kentucky: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Kentucky has experienced a significant growth of 132% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 164% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Kentucky’s higher education population has seen 39% growth within the same period.ⁱ

All Kentucky Institutional Members have 3% or less Hispanic enrollment. Kentucky Community and Technical College System, the University of Kentucky, and the University of Louisville have 3% enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Morehead State University has the highest Hispanic graduation rate in Kentucky, with 53%. Despite having the highest Hispanic enrollment, the Kentucky Community and Technical College System has the lowest Hispanic graduation rate, with 19%. With the exception of Kentucky State University, the remaining Institutional Members have 30% or higher Hispanic graduation rates.ⁱⁱⁱ

Every Institutional Member but the Kentucky Community and Technical College System have either an Institutional Resource Center or Hispanic Student Association. Murray State University, Northern Kentucky University, the University of Kentucky, the University of Louisville, and Western Kentucky University have both an Institutional Resource Center and a Student Association.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	132%
Native	122%
Foreign Born	146%
Citizen	125%
Non-citizens	145%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	164%
Higher Education	39%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
9	2%	41%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Since 2003 there has been a regulation in place supported by the Kentucky Council for Post-Secondary Education (CPE). This regulation allows state colleges and universities to grant students in-state tuition if they live in others states that are adjacent to Kentucky. It is important for undocumented students to check with the particular institution of their interest, to see how the institution is implementing this regulation.^{iv}

Louisiana: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Louisiana has experienced a growth of 79% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population had growth, with K-12 age students growing 47% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Louisiana’s higher education population has seen 25% growth within the same period.^{iv}

With the exception of Loyola University in New Orleans, which has a Hispanic enrollment of 15%, no Institutional Member in Louisiana has a higher Hispanic enrollment that 7%. Louisiana Delta Community College is the lowest in the state with 0% enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Loyola University in New Orleans also has the highest Hispanic Graduation rate, at 75%. The University of Louisiana at Lafayette, Louisiana Delta Community College, Louisiana State University and A&M have Hispanic graduation rates higher than 40%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Louisiana Delta Community College and South Louisiana Community College have neither an Institutional Resource Center or Student Association. The remaining seven Institutional Members have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	79%
Native	67%
Foreign Born	99%
Citizen	57%
Non-citizens	173%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	47%
Higher Education	25%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
9	4%	34%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Louisiana has no state wide policy regarding undocumented students enrolling in higher education.^{iv}

Mississippi: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Mississippi has experienced a significant growth of 106% in its Hispanic population between 2000 and 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 92% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Mississippi’s higher education population has seen 99% growth within the same period.ⁱ

There are no NASPA Institutional Members in Mississippi which have a Hispanic student enrollment rate of higher than 3%. Mississippi Institutional Members average a 37% Hispanic student graduation rate.ⁱⁱ

Jackson State University and Jones County Junior College have the highest Hispanic graduation rates in Mississippi, both with 60%. The University of Mississippi is just behind with a 56% Hispanic graduation rate. Copiah Lincoln and Hinds Community College have less than 7% Hispanic graduation rate but this may be due to their low enrollment of 1%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Five of Mississippi’s Institutional Members have both an Institutional Resource Center as well as a Hispanic Student Association. The remaining four Institutional Members have neither.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	106%
Native	91%
Foreign Born	135%
Citizen	64%
Non-citizens	159%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	92%
Higher Education	99%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
9	2%	37%

Undocumented Student Tuition

As of 2010, Mississippi has no statewide policy regarding educational policies concerning undocumented students.^{iv}

North Carolina: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

North Carolina has experienced a significant growth of 111% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 147% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, North Carolina higher education population has seen 104% growth within the same period.ⁱ

North Carolina’s NASPA Institutional Members with the highest Hispanic enrollment are South Piedmont Community College, the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, and University of North Carolina School of the Arts, all at 8%.ⁱⁱ

Catawba College and the University of North Carolina School of the Arts both have Hispanic graduation rates of 100%. Catawba has a Hispanic enrollment of 2% and the School of the Arts has an enrollment of 8%. Duke University has a Hispanic graduation rate of 92%. One institution, Winston Salem State University, has a Hispanic graduation rate of 0%, but this may be due to the low Hispanic enrollment of 2%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Fourteen of the thirty-two Institutional Members have neither an Institutional Resource Center or Student Association. The remaining eighteen institutions have one or the other, and eight have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	111%
Native	186%
Foreign Born	71%
Citizen	138%
Non-citizens	69

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	147%
Higher Education	104%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
32	4%	45%

Undocumented Student Tuition

North Carolina’s policy on undocumented students entering the community college system is “undocumented immigrants can enter the system’s 58 community colleges if they are a high school graduate, pay out of state tuition and do not displace a North Carolina resident or a U.S. citizen.”^{iv}

South Carolina: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

South Carolina has experienced a significant growth of 148% in its Hispanic population between 2000 and 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 138% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Mississippi’s higher education population has seen 79% growth within the same period.ⁱ

The Institutional Member with the highest Hispanic enrollment in South Carolina is Midlands Technical College, with 10%. The lowest Hispanic enrollment is 1% at Francis Marion University. Statewide Institutional Members average 4% Hispanic enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Furman University and Wofford College have the highest Hispanic graduation rates in South Carolina, with 86%. In addition, Clemson University and the University of South Carolina both have Hispanic graduation rates above 70%. Despite having the highest Hispanic enrollment in South Carolina, Midlands Technical College has the lowest Hispanic graduation rates, with 11%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Six Institutional Members have both an Institutional Resource Center as well as a Student Association. Six have either one or the other, and the remaining six have neither.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	148%
Native	160%
Foreign Born	137%
Citizen	152%
Non-citizens	146%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	138%
Higher Education	79%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
18	4%	51%

Undocumented Student Tuition

South Carolina currently bars undocumented students from entering the college system.^{iv}

Tennessee: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Tennessee has experienced a significant growth of 134% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 196% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Tennessee’s higher education population has seen 64% growth within the same period.ⁱ

All Institutional Members in Louisiana have less than 10% Hispanic enrollment. Vanderbilt University has the highest rate, with 6%. Austin Peay State University is close behind, with 5%. The remaining Institutional Members have less than 5% enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Vanderbilt University also has the highest Hispanic graduation rate in Tennessee, with 87%. Belmont University also has an 82% rate. Four Institutional Members have graduation rates higher than 40%. Cumberland University has the lowest Hispanic graduation rate at 0%, but this may be due to their low Hispanic enrollment of 3%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Eight Institutional Members have both an Institutional Resource Center and a Student Association. Four have one or the other, and the remaining Institutional Members have neither.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	134%
Native	154%
Foreign Born	125%
Citizen	144%
Non-citizens	134%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	196%
Higher Education	64%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
18	3%	35%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Tennessee has no statewide educational policy regarding concerning undocumented students. Since 2012, The Tennessee Immigrant and Refugee Rights Coalition (TIRRC) and Jovenes Unidos Por Un Mejor Presente (JUMP) launched a tuition equality now (TEN) campaign which advocates for undocumented Tennessee students having access to instate tuition rates.^{iv}



Texas: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Texas has experienced a growth of 42% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 28% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Texas higher education population has seen 57% growth within the same period.ⁱ

Texas’ NASPA Institutional Member with the highest Hispanic enrollment is the University of Texas Pan American with 91%. Twenty-one Institutional Members have a Hispanic enrollment higher than 25%. The Institutional Member with the lowest Hispanic enrollment is Hutson-Tilliton University, with 6%.ⁱⁱ

Six Institutional Members, Austin College, Baylor University, Southern Methodist University, Southwestern University, St. Edward’s University, and Trinity University, all have Hispanic graduation rates above 70%. The Austin Community College District has the lowest Hispanic graduation rate in Texas, with 6%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Sixteen of the fifty-six Institutional Members have neither an Institutional Resource Center or a Hispanic Student Association. The remaining forty institutions have at least one or the other, and fourteen have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010		% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	42%	K-12	28%
Native	45%		
Foreign Born	39%	Higher Education	57%
Citizen	43%		
Non-citizens	43%		

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
56	24%	39%

Undocumented Student Tuition

Texas allows undocumented students to enroll in higher education as well as receive financial aid and in-state tuition rates.^{iv}

Virginia: Summary of Hispanic College Student Enrollment & Graduation

The purpose of this Quarter IV Snapshot is to summarize the previous three Quarterly Snapshots, which include information about Hispanic population growth, Hispanic student enrollment in higher education as well as Hispanic student graduation rates and Institutional Resource Centers.

Virginia has experienced a significant growth of 92% in its Hispanic population from 2000 to 2010. The education age population especially had high growth, with K-12 age students growing 88% from 2000 to 2010. In addition, Alabama’s higher education population has seen 76% growth within the same period.ⁱ

Lynchburg College has the highest Hispanic enrollment in Virginia with 12%. George Mason University and College of William and Mary are the next highest, both with 9%. Ferrum College has 0% enrollment.ⁱⁱ

Four Institutional Members, College of William and Mary, the University of Mary Washington, the University of Virginia, and Washington and Lee University have 90% Hispanic Graduation rates or higher. The University of Mary Washington has a 100% rate with a Hispanic enrollment of 6%. Virginia Polytechnic and State University and James Madison University follow, both have rates higher than 80%.ⁱⁱⁱ

Only three Institutional Members, Christendom College, Randolph Macon College and Germanna Community College do not have either an Institutional Resource Center or Hispanic Student Association. Five have one or the other, and the remaining have both.ⁱⁱⁱ

	% Growth 2000-2010
Total Hispanic Pop.	92%
Native	110%
Foreign Born	77%
Citizen	103%
Non-citizens	77%

	% Growth 2000-2010
K-12	88%
Higher Education	76%

Number of NASPA Institutional Members	Average Hispanic Student Enrollment	Average Hispanic Student Graduation Rate
23	4%	59%

Undocumented Student Tuition

In January 2013, Virginia House of Delegates member, Alfonso H. Lopez introduced the HB 1934 Bill^v proposing in-state tuition for undocumented persons who meet certain criteria. The bill establishes that “an undocumented person who is unlawfully present in the United States shall not be eligible for in-state tuition unless he meets all of the following criteria: (i) he has resided with his parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis while attending a public or private high school in the Commonwealth; (ii) he has graduated from a public or private high school in the Commonwealth or has received a General Education Development (GED) certificate in the Commonwealth; (iii) he has registered as an entering student in an institution of higher education in the Commonwealth; (iv) he has resided in the Commonwealth for at least three years immediately preceding his registration as an entering student in an institution of higher education in the Commonwealth or for one year if he is a veteran or an active duty member of the United States armed forces; (v) he has provided an affidavit to the institution stating that he has filed an application to become a permanent resident of the United States and is actively pursuing such permanent residency or will do so as soon as he is eligible; and (vi) he has submitted evidence that he or, in the case of a dependent student, at least one parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis, has filed, unless exempted by state law, Virginia income tax returns for at least three years prior to the date of enrollment.”

The bill was referred to the Committee on Education on January 9, 2013 and then it was assigned to Education Sub-Committee of Higher Education and Arts.^{iv}

ⁱ http://www.naspa.org/images/uploads/kcs/Lat_R3LKCSnapshot_2013.pdf Figures are averages for all states in Region III

ⁱⁱ http://www.naspa.org/images/uploads/main/NASPA_Region_III_LKC_Quarter_II_Snapshot.pdf

ⁱⁱⁱ http://www.naspa.org/images/uploads/main/NASPA_Region_III_LKC_Quarter_III_Snapshot.pdf

^{iv} <http://www.ncsl.org/research/education/undocumented-student-tuition-state-action.aspx>